

液晶模组说明书

LCD Module Instructions

☒初定规格 Preliminary specification

☐正式规格 Official specifications

项目编号 Project No.	TFT-H070A34 Series
产品描述 Product Description	TFT LCD Module 800(H) x 480(V) Pixels 7.0 Inch TFT LCD
客 户 确 认 签 章: Signature by customer:	
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HotDisplay Technology Co., Ltd

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内容
substance

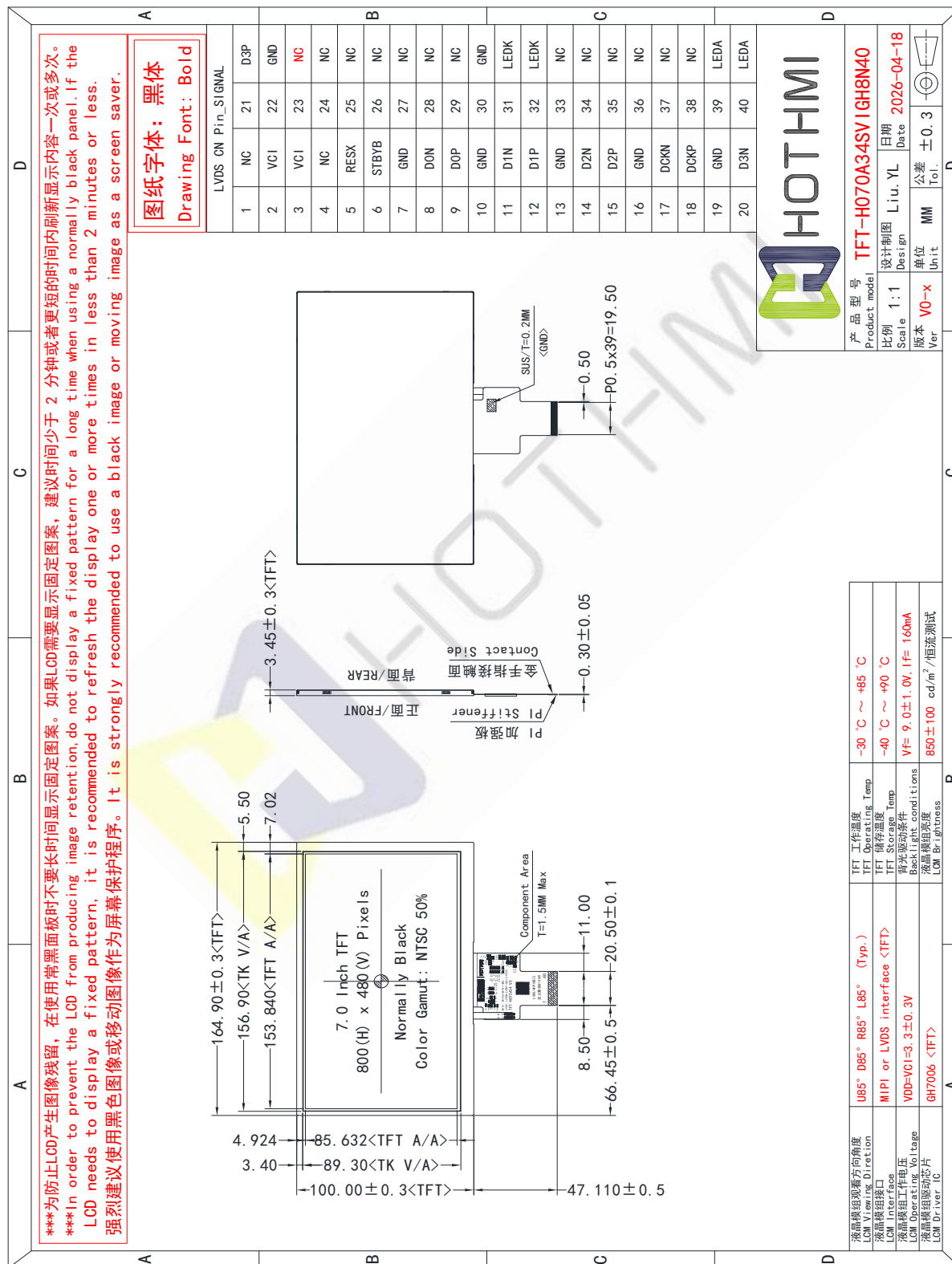
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一、基本特征 General Feature:

项目 Item	标准值 Standard Value			单位 Unit
TFT 显示尺寸 TFT Display Size	7.0			英寸 Inch
TFT 分辨率 TFT Number of Pixels	800 (RGB) (H) x 480 (V)			像素 Pixel
TFT 显示有效区域 TFT Display Active Area	153.840 (H) x 85.632 (V)			毫米 mm
液晶模组外形尺寸 LCD Module Dimensions	164.90 (H) x 100.00 (V) x 3.45 (D) <TFT> 164.90 (H) x 100.00 (V) x 4.96 (D) <TFT+CTP>			毫米 mm
液晶模组观看方向角度 Viewing direction of LCD module	U85° D85° R85° L85° (Typ.)			度数 Deg.
液晶模组接口 LCD Module Interfaces	TFT	MIPI-DSI interface LVDS interface (VESA/JEIDA)		—
	CTP	IIC Inerface		
液晶模组芯片 LCD Module Driver IC	TFT	GH7006 <China-made>		—
	CTP	GT911		
触摸屏 Touch Panel	☒ 不带触摸屏 No TP	☐ 带玻璃盖板 Have Glass Cover	☒ 带电容触摸屏 Have CTP	—
TFT 模组重量 TFT Module Weight	不带触摸屏 Without TP	T. B. D ±5%		克 g
	带电容触摸屏 With CTP	T. B. D ±5%		
	带电阻触摸屏 With RTP	T. B. D ±5%		

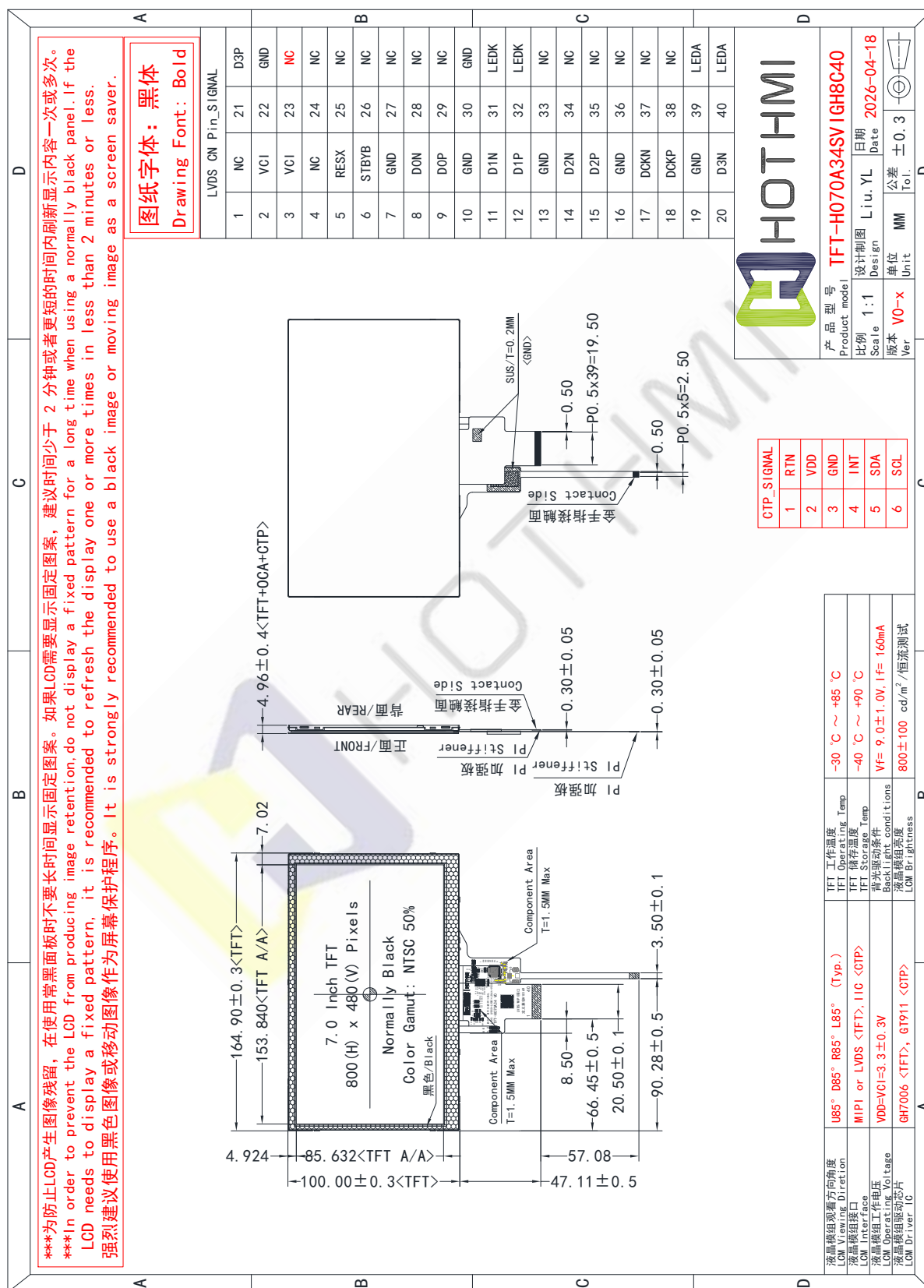
说明 Description:

二、外形尺寸 Outline Dimensions

TFT-H070A34SVIGH8N40_V0-0 <NO TP_850cd/m²_LVDS 接口-4 Lane/VESA>TFT-H070A34SVIGH8N40_V0-1 <NO TP_850cd/m²_MIPI 接口-4 Lane>

TFT-H070A34SVIGH8C40 V0-3 <Have GTP 800cd/m² LVDS 接口-4 Lane/VESA>

TFT-H070A34SVIGH8C40 V0-4 <Have CTP 800cd/m2 MIPI 接口-4 Lane>



三、引脚说明 Pin Description

3.1 模组引脚说明 Module Pin Description

引脚编号 Pin NO.	标号 Symbol	详细描述 Description
1	NC	不连接 Not connected
2~3	VCI	电源 Power supply
4	NC	不连接 Not connected
5	RESX	全局复位引脚, 低电平进入复位状态。 内置RC电路(10K+0.1uF) Global reset pin. Active Low to enter Reset State. Built-in RC circuit (10K+0.1uF)
6	STBYB	待机模式控制引脚。 Standby mode control pin. STBYB="VCI", Normal mode; STBYB="GND", Standby mode; 使用LVDS接口时为避免出现开机闪屏现象, 建议使用MCU I/O 控制时序。如果引脚"STBYB"不能用I/O控制, 背光开启要晚于 显示屏上电3秒或更长。 To avoid screen flickering during startup when using LVDS interface, it is recommended to use MCU I/O control timing.If pin "STBYB" cannot be controlled by I/O, the backlight will turn on 3 seconds or longer after the display screen is powered on
7	GND	电源地 Power supply ground
8	D0N	LVDS 或 MIPI 数据通道 0 负端输入引脚 LVDS or MIPI data Lane 0 negative-end input pin
9	D0P	LVDS 或 MIPI 数据通道 0 正端输入引脚 LVDS or MIPI data Lane 0 positive-end input pin
10	GND	电源地 Power supply ground
11	D1N	LVDS 或 MIPI 数据通道 1 负端输入引脚 LVDS or MIPI data Lane 1 negative-end input pin
- 下一页 - - Next Page -		

引脚编号 Pin NO.	标号 Symbol	详细描述 Description
12	D1P	LVDS 或 MIPI 数据通道 1 正端输入引脚 LVDS or MIPI data Lane 1 positive-end input pin
13	GND	电源地 Power supply ground
14	D2N	LVDS 或 MIPI 数据通道 2 负端输入引脚 LVDS or MIPI data Lane 2 negative-end input pin
15	D2P	LVDS 或 MIPI 数据通道 2 正端输入引脚 LVDS or MIPI data Lane 2 positive-end input pin
16	GND	电源地 Power supply ground
17	DCKN	LVDS 或 MIPI 时钟线负端输入引脚 MIPI clock Lane negative-end input pin
18	DCKP	LVDS 或 MIPI 时钟线正端输入引脚 LVDS or MIPI clock Lane positive-end input pin
19	GND	电源地 Power supply ground
20	D3N	LVDS 或 MIPI 数据通道 3 负端输入引脚 LVDS or MIPI data Lane 3 negative-end input pin
21	D3P	LVDS 或 MIPI 数据通道 3 正端输入引脚 LVDS or MIPI data Lane 3 positive-end input pin
22	GND	电源地 Power supply ground
23~29	NC	不连接 Not connected
30	GND	电源地 Power supply ground
31~32	LEDK	LED阴极 LED cathode
33~38	NC	不连接 Not connected
39~40	LEDA	LED阳极 LED anode
- 结束 - - END -		

温馨提示:

Kind reminder:

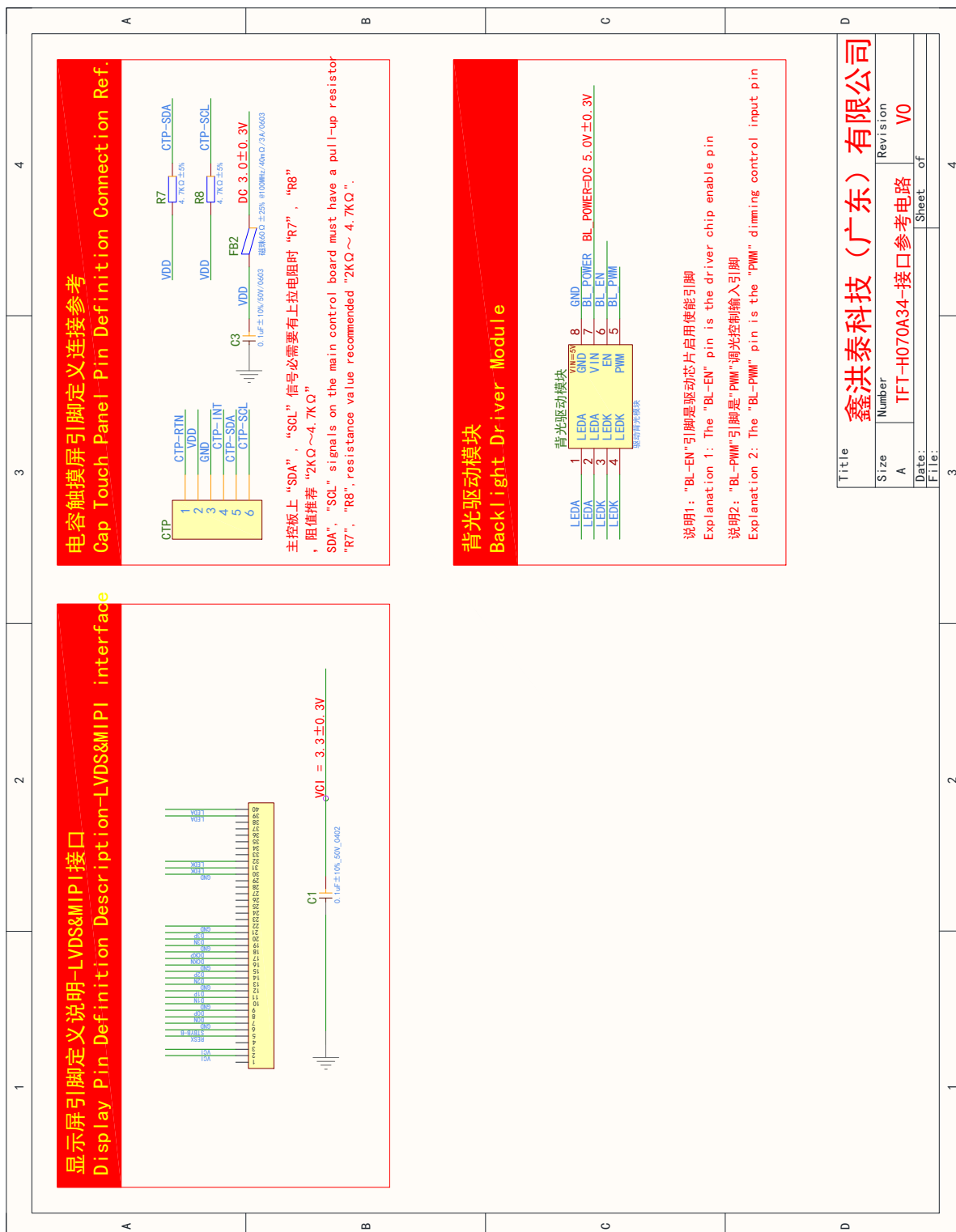
3.2 CTP 引脚说明 CTP Pin Description

引脚编号 Pin NO.	标号 Symbol	详细描述 Description
1	RSTN	复位信号, 低电平有效 Reset signal, active low
2	VDD	模拟电源 Analog power supply
3	GND	电源地 Power supply ground
4	INT	中断信号 Interrupt signal
5	SDA	IIC 数据信号 IIC data signal
6	SCL	IIC 时钟信号 IIC clock signal
- 结束 - - END -		

3.4 RTP 引脚说明 RTP Pin Description

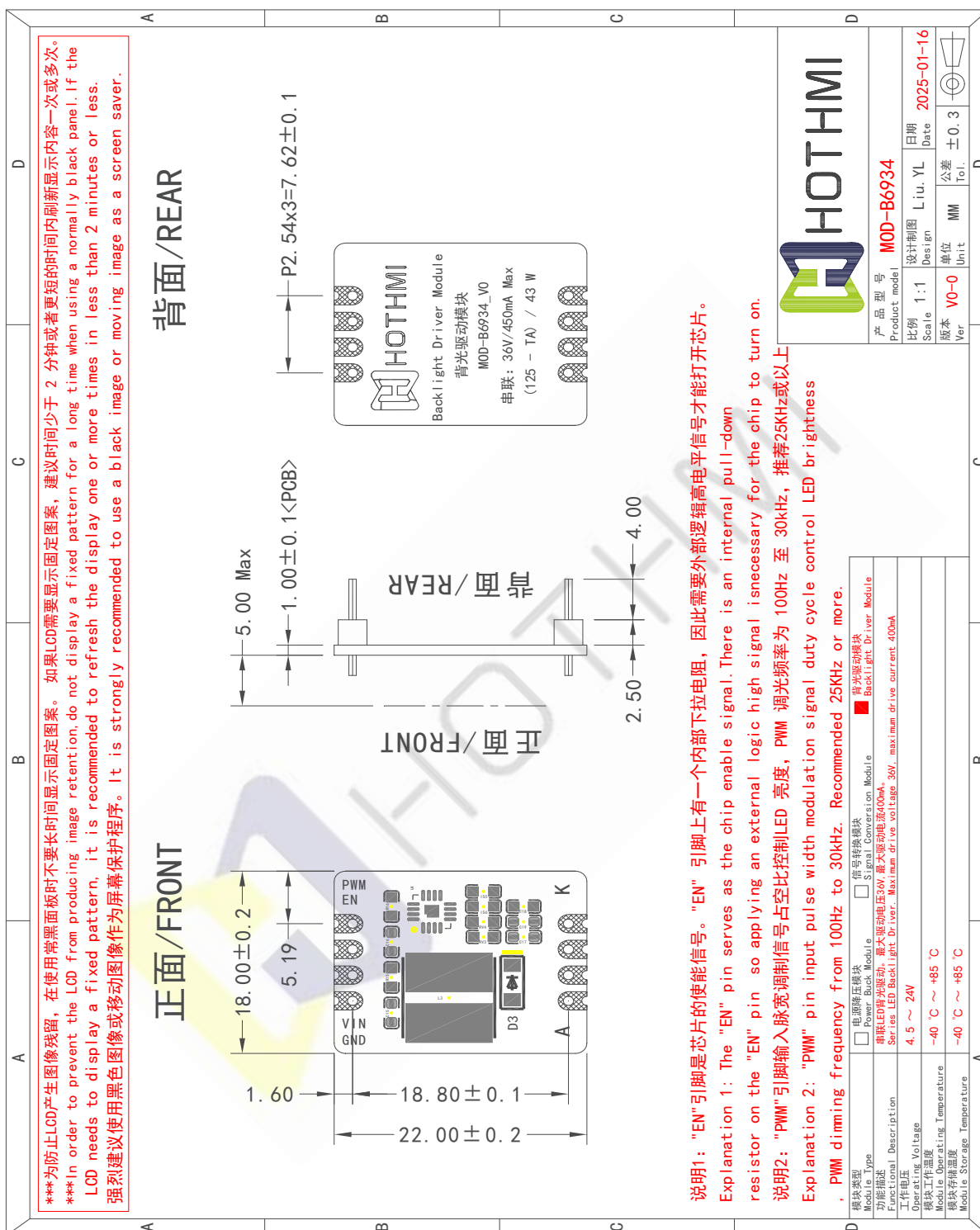
引脚编号 Pin NO.	标号 Symbol	详细描述 Description
1	-	-
2	-	-
3	-	-
4	-	-
- 结束 - - END -		

3.5 参考电路图 Reference Circuit Diagram



温馨提示：我司能够提供配套的背光驱动模块和“AVDD”升压模块

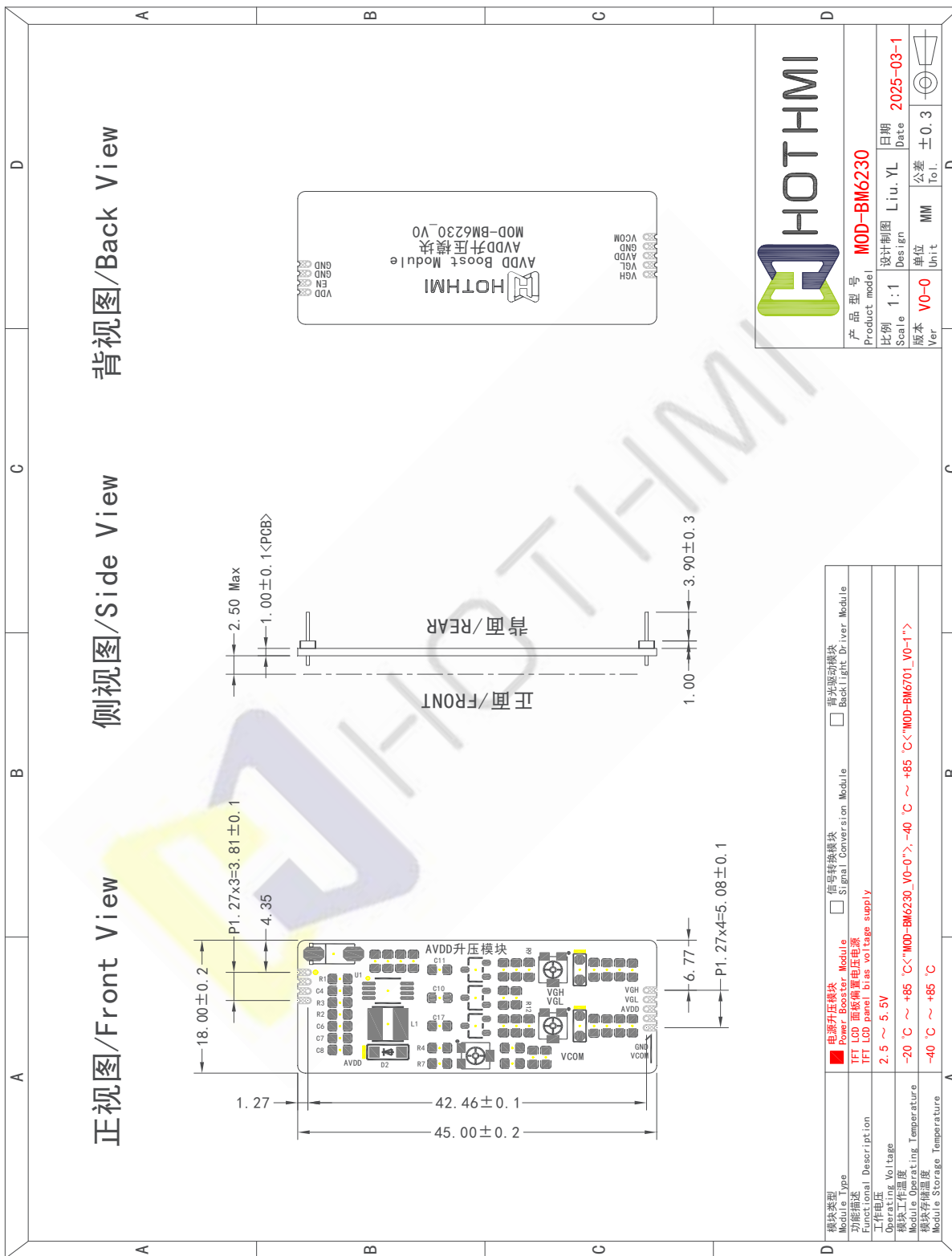
Kind reminder: Our company can provide supporting backlight driver modules and "AVDD" boost modules



背光模块尺寸 Backlight Module Dimensions

说明1: 我司所有背光模块长，宽尺寸相同，引脚定义相同。使用的模块以实物为准。

Note 1: All of our backlight modules have the same length and width dimensions and the same pin definition. Modules used are subject to physical.



AVDD 升压模块尺寸

AVDD Boost Module Dimensions

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四、电气特性 Electrical Characteristics

4-1 TFT 面板工作条件 TFT Panel Operating Conditions

项目 Item	标号 Symbol	条件 Condition	最小值 Min	典型值 Type	最大值 Max	单位 Unit
数字电源 Digital Power	VCI	-	Type -0.3	3.3	Type +0.3	伏 V
接口工作电压 IO Supply Voltage	IOVCC	-	Type -0.1	-	Type +0.1	伏 V
模拟电路电源 Power For Analog	AVDD	-	Type -0.3	-	Type +0.3	伏 V
TFT 栅极导通电压 TFT Gate ON Voltage	VGH	-	Type -1.0	-	Type +1.0	伏 V
TFT 栅极关断电压 TFT Gate OFF Voltage	VGL	-	Type -1.0	-	Type +1.0	伏 V
TFT 公共电极电压 TFT Common Electrode Voltage	VCOM	-	Type -0.5	-	Type +0.5	伏 V
工作电流 Operation Current	I _{oc}	VCI	50	-	80	毫安 mA
		IOVCC	-	-	-	
待机电流 Standby Current	I _{sc}	-	-	-	-	微安 uA
TFT 工作温度 TFT Operating Temp	TOPR	-	-20	+25	+70	摄氏度 ℃
TFT 储存温度 TFT Storage Temp	TSTG	-	-30	+25	+80	摄氏度 ℃

备注 Notes :

1. VGH 为 TFT 栅极工作电压。VGH is TFT Gate operating voltage.

2. VGL 为 TFT 栅极工作电压。VGL 信号的低电平必须与 Vcom 同相波动。

VGL is TFT Gate operating voltage. The low voltage level of VGL signal must be fluctuates with same phase as Vcom.

3. 必须调节 Vcom 以优化显示质量，如串扰和对比度等。

Vcom must be adjusted to optimize display quality, as Crosstalk and Contrast Ratio etc.

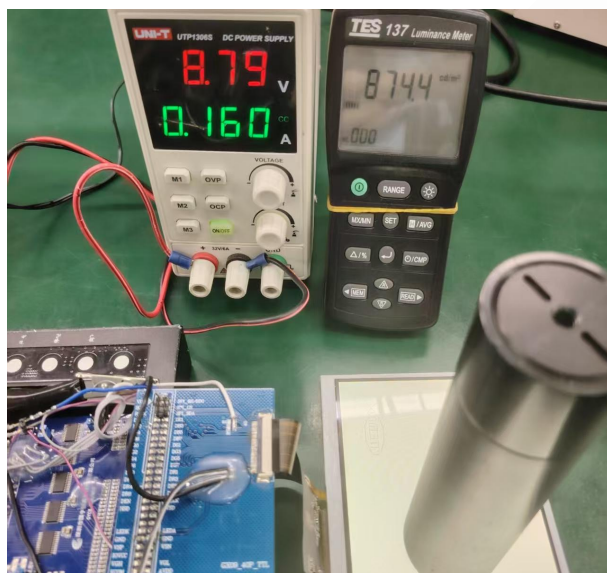
4. 该值只是参考值。客户可通过不同的 D-IC 优化设置值。

The value is just the reference value. The customer can optimize the setting value by the different D-IC.

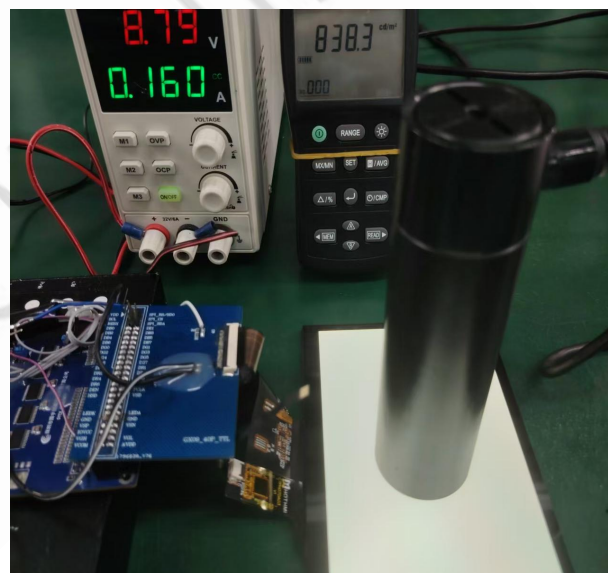
4-2 背光工作条件 LED back light specification

4-2-1: Backlight-1

项目 Item	标号 Symbol	条件 Condition	最小值 Min	典型值 Type	最大值 Max	单位 Unit
工作电压 Forward voltage	VF	恒流 constant current	Type -1.0	9.0	Type +1.0	伏特 V
工作电流 Forward current	IF		-	160	-	毫安 mA
亮度 (带 LCD) Luminance (With LCD)	Lv	不带触摸 Without TP	Type -150	850	Type +150	坎德拉/平方米 cd/m ²
		带触摸 With TP		800		
LED 寿命 LED life time	Hr	Ta=25±3 °C	20,000	30,000	-	小时 Hour



不带触摸 Without TP



带触摸 With Touch

注释 Note:

1. LED 寿命 (Hr) 定义为在 Ta=25±3 °C, 上表所示的典型电压电流值条件下持续工作直至亮度低于 50% 的时间。

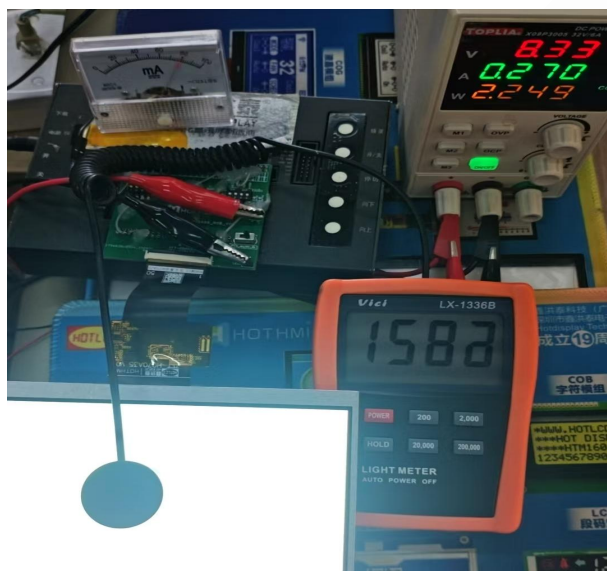
LED life time (Hr) can be defined as the time in which it continues to operate under the condition: Ta=25±3 °C, typical IL value indicated in the above table until the brightness becomes less than 50%.

2. 以上结果是按 MTBF 计算方式预估判定的 LED 失效时间, 实际测试 LED 在 Ta=25±3 °C 点亮 5000H, 亮度衰减 8%.

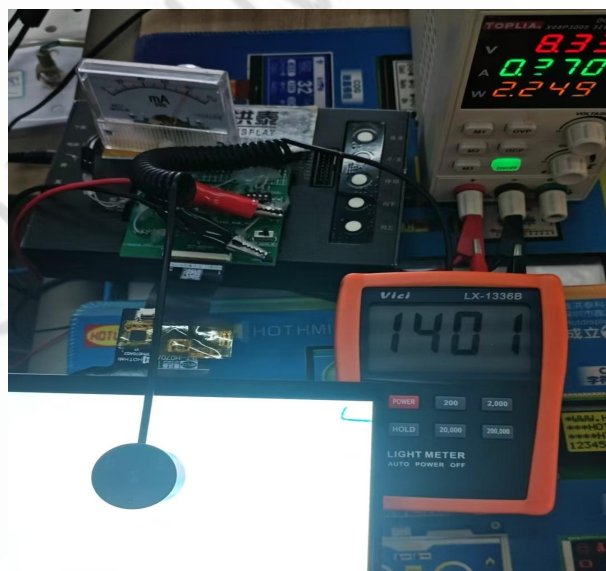
The above results are estimated and judged by the MTBF calculation method of the LED failure time. The actual test LED is lit for 5000H at Ta=25±3 °C, and the brightness decays by 8%.

4-2-1: Backlight-1

项目 Item	标号 Symbol	条件 Condition	最小值 Min	典型值 Type	最大值 Max	单位 Unit
工作电压 Forward voltage	VF	恒流 constant current	Type -1.0	9.0	Type +1.0	伏特 V
工作电流 Forward current	IF		-	270	-	毫安 mA
亮度 (带 LCD) Luminance (With LCD)	Lv	不带触摸 Without TP	Type -150	1500	Type +150	坎德拉/平方米 cd/m ²
		带触摸 With TP		1400		
LED 寿命 LED life time	Hr	Ta=25±3 °C	20,000	30,000	-	小时 Hour



不带触摸 Without TP



带触摸 With Touch

注释 Note:

3. LED 寿命 (Hr) 定义为在 Ta=25±3 °C, 上表所示的典型电压电流值条件下持续工作直至亮度低于 50% 的时间。

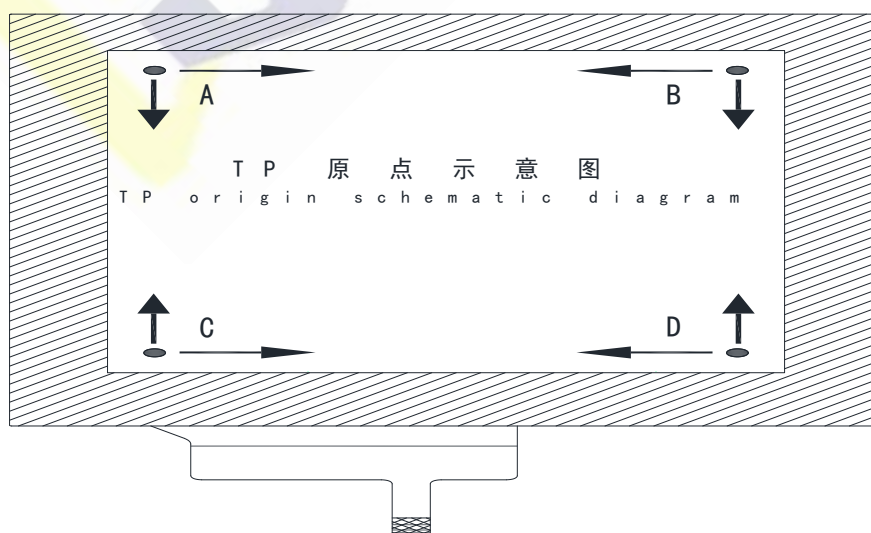
LED life time (Hr) can be defined as the time in which it continues to operate under the condition: Ta=25±3 °C, typical IL value indicated in the above table until the brightness becomes less than 50%.

4. 以上结果是按 MTBF 计算方式预估判定的 LED 失效时间, 实际测试 LED 在 Ta=25±3 °C 点亮 5000H, 亮度衰减 8%.

The above results are estimated and judged by the MTBF calculation method of the LED failure time. The actual test LED is lit for 5000H at Ta=25±3 °C, and the brightness decays by 8%.

4-3 电容触摸屏工作条件 CTP Operating Conditions

项目 Item	标号 Symbol	条件 Condition	最小值 Min	典型值 Type	最大值 Max	单位 Unit
表面硬度 Surface hardness	-	铅笔 Pencil	-	6H	-	硬度 Hard
最大点数 maximum point number	-	-	-	-	5	手指 Fingers
坐标原点 origin	-	-	A			位置 Position
X 分辨率 X resolution	-	-	800			-
Y 分辨率 Y resolution	-	-	480			-
透光率 Transmittance	-	-	80	-	-	百分比 %
USB 5V 输入电源 USB 5V input power	VDD5V	-	Type -0.3	5.0	Type +0.3	伏特 V
数字电源 Digital Power	VDD	-	Type -0.3	3.3	Type +0.3	伏特 V
I/O 电源 I/O Power	IOVDD	-	Type -0.3	3.3	Type +0.3	伏特 V
工作温度 Operation Temperature	-	20%-90%RH;	-20	+25	+70	摄氏度 ℃
储存温度 Storage Temperature	-		-30	+25	+80	摄氏度 ℃



五、液晶光学规格 TFT OPTICAL SPECIFICATION

光学规格的测试应在暗室（环境亮度 1lux，温度=25 ℃）中使用亮度计系统（测角仪系统和TOPCON BM-5）设备进行测量，测试单元应位于大约在 θ 和 Φ 等于 0 的视角下，距 LCD 表面 50cm 的距离。显示面上测量点的中心应保持固定。测量前背光应工作 30 分钟。

The test of Optical specifications shall be measured in a dark room (ambient luminance 1lux and temperature = 25 ℃) with the equipment of Luminance meter system (Goniometer system and TOPCON BM-5) and test unit shall be located at an approximate distance 50cm from the LCD surface at a viewing angle of θ and Φ equal to 0. The center of the measuring spot on the Display surface shall stay fixed. The backlight should be operating for 30 minutes prior to measurement.

5.2 光学规格 Optical Specifications

参数 Parameter		标号 Symbol	条件 Condition	最小值 Min.	典型值 Typ.	最大值 Max.	单位 Unit	备注 Remark
视角范围 Viewing Angle Range	水平 Horizontal	⊙ 左/L	CR>10	—	85	—	Deg.	Note 1
		⊙ 右/R		—	85	—	Deg.	
	垂直 Vertical	⊙ 上/U		—	85	—	Deg.	
		⊙ 下/D		—	85	—	Deg.	
对比度 Contrast ratio		CR	⊙ = 0°	800	1000	—	—	Note2
色域 Color Gamut		CG	CIE1931	—	50	—	%	
白色色度 White Chromaticity		Wx	⊙ = 0°	-0.03	0.306	+0.03	—	Note4 (Based on C Light)
		Wy			0.344		—	
色彩还原 Reproduct ion of color	红 Red	Rx			0.611		—	
		Ry			0.335		—	
	绿 Green	Gx			0.300		—	
		Gy			0.549		—	
	蓝 Blue	Gy			0.144		—	
		By			0.176		—	
响应时间（上升 + 下降） Response Time (Rising + Falling)		Tr+Tf	⊙ = 0° Ta= 25℃	—	30	35	ms	Note5

注释 Note:

1. 视角是对比度大于10的角度。视角确定为相对于光轴的水平或3、9点钟方向和垂直或6、12点钟方向 垂直于 LCD 表面（见图 1）。

Viewing angle is the angle at which the contrast ratio is greater than 10. The viewing angles are determined for the horizontal or 3, 9 o' clock direction and the vertical or 6, 12 o' clock direction with respect to the optical axis which is normal to the LCD surface (see FIGURE 1).

2. 对比度测量应在 $\theta = 0$ 的视角和 LCD 表面的中心进行。亮度测量时, 视场中的所有像素首先设置为白色, 然后设置为暗 (黑色) 状态。(参见图 1) 亮度对比度 (CR) 是通过数学定义的。

Contrast measurements shall be made at viewing angle of $\Theta = 0$ and at the center of the LCD surface. Luminance shall be measured with all pixels in the view field set first to white, then to the dark (black) state. (see FIGUR 1) Luminance Contrast Ratio (CR) is defined mathematically.

$$CR = \frac{\text{Luminance when displaying a white raster}}{\text{Luminance when displaying a black raster}}$$

3. 透射率是没有 APF 和没有 CG 的值。

Transmittance is the Value without APF and without CG.

4. 上表中规定的色度坐标应由所有像素首先测量的光谱数据计算为红色、绿色、蓝色和白色。测量应在面板的中心进行。

The color chromaticity coordinates specified in the above table shall be calculated from the spectral data measured with all pixels first in red, green, blue and white. Measurements shall be made at the center of the panel.

5. 电光响应时间测量应如图 2 所示, 通过打开和关闭“数据”输入信号来进行。亮度从 10%变化到90%所需的时间是 T_r , 90%到10%是 T_f 。

The electro-optical response time measurements shall be made as FIGURE 2 by switching the “data” input signal ON and OFF. The times needed for the luminance to change from 10% to 90% is T_r , and 90% to 10% is T_f .

Figure1 Measurement Set Up

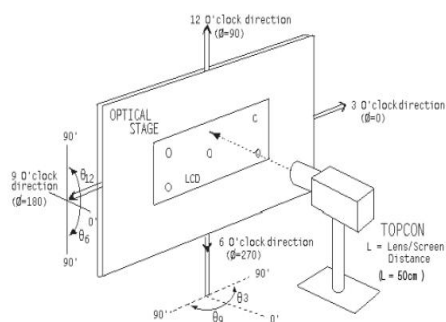


图 1

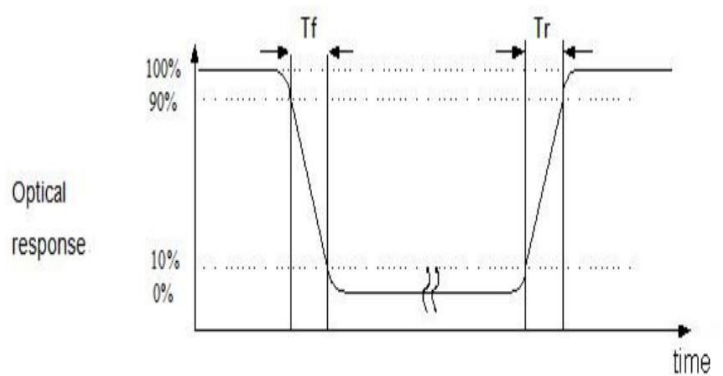
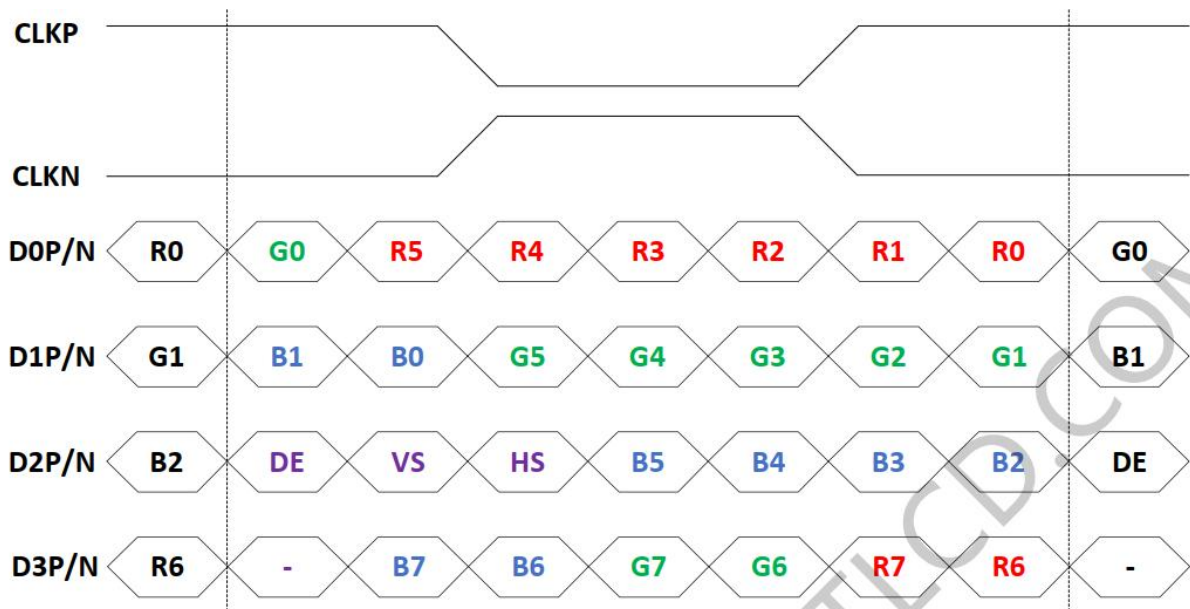


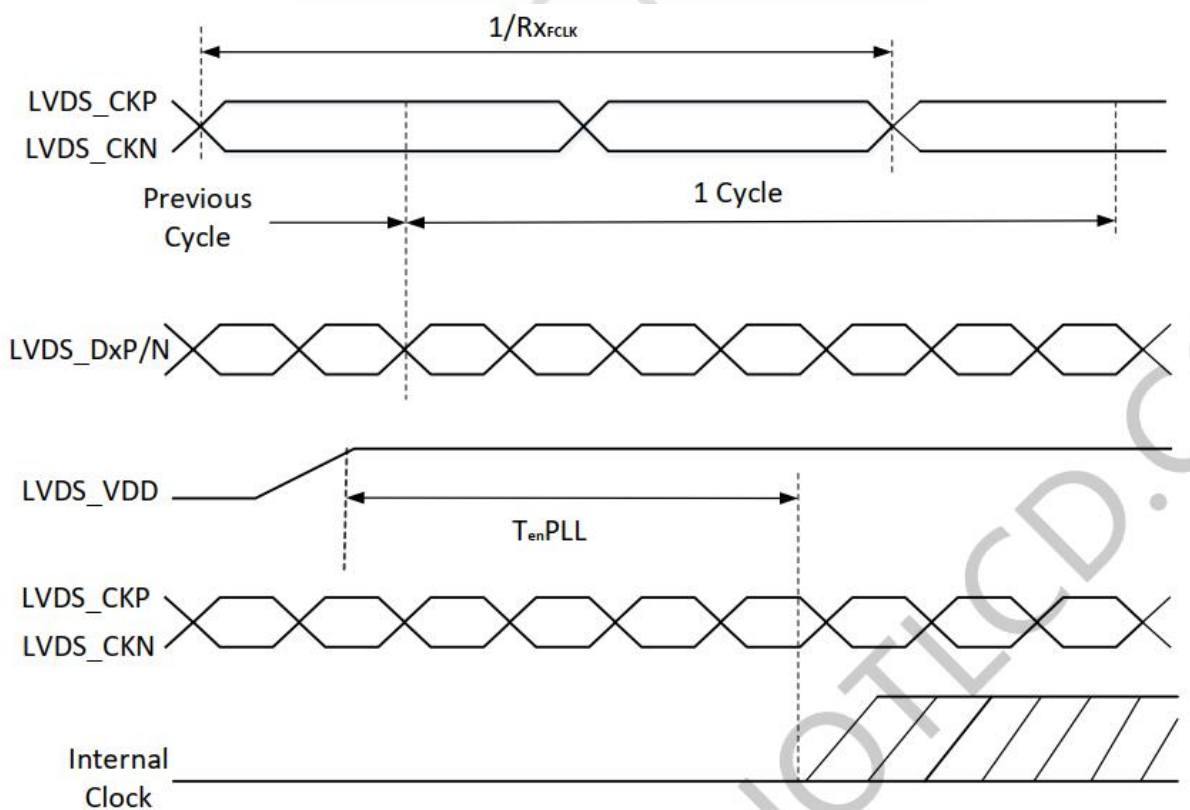
图 2

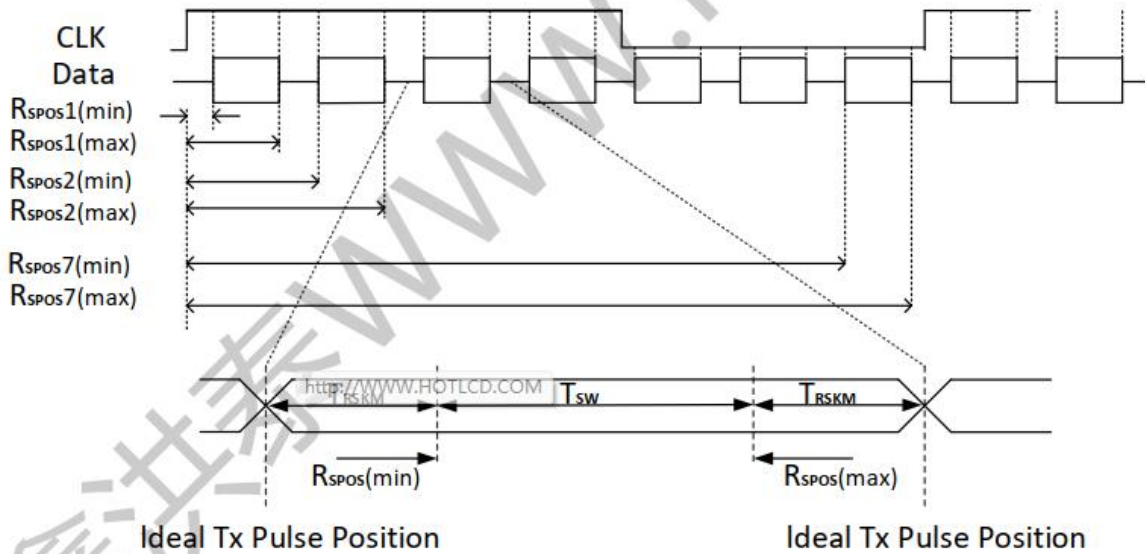
六、交流特性 AC characteristic

6. 1. LVDS 接口 LVDS interface



LVDS Data format





TSW: Strobe width (Internal data sampling window)

Rspos : Receiver strobe position

TRSKM : Receiver strobe margin

Signal	Symbol	Min.	Typ	Max	Unit	Description
Clock frequency	Rx_{FCLK}	30		TBD	MHz	Refer to input timing table for each display resolution
Input data skew margin	T_{RSKM}	50		-	ps	$ VID = 200mV$ $RxVCM = 1.2V$ $Rx_{FCLK} = 81MHz$
Clock high time	T_{LVCH}	-	$4/(7 \times Rx_{FCLK})$	-	ns	-
Clock low time	T_{LVCL}	-	$3/(7 \times Rx_{FCLK})$	-	ns	-
PLL wake-up time	T_{enPLL}	-		150	us	-

LVDS AC characteristics

6.2. MIPI 接口 MIPI interface

详见驱动芯片规格书

Please refer to the driver chip specification sheet for details

6. 3. 开机/关机上电顺序 Power On/off Sequence

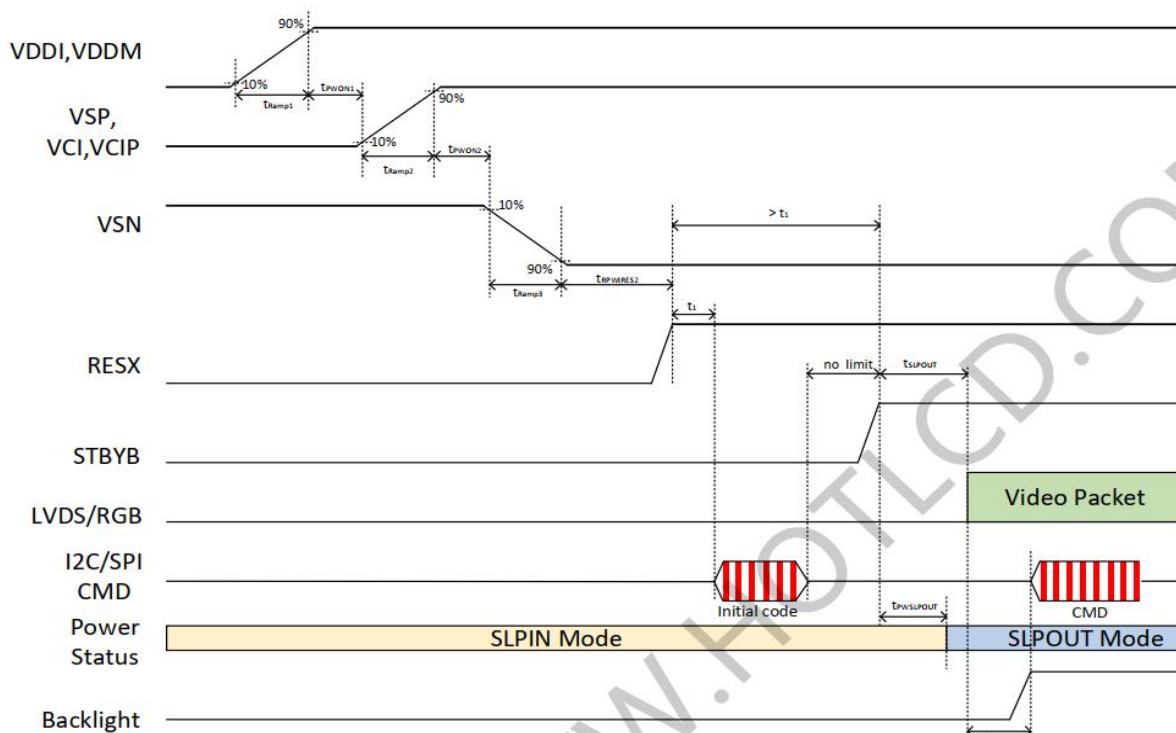
The power on sequence timing for different power input modes and interfaces are shown as below table.

Symbol	Value			Unit	Remark
	Min	Typ	Max		
tPWON1	0	5	-	ms	
tPWON2	0	5	-	ms	
tPWON3	0	5		ms	
tPWON4	0	5		ms	
t _{ramp} 1	0.2	-	20	ms	VDDI, VDDM
t _{ramp} 2	0.2	-	20	ms	VCI, VSP
t _{ramp} 3	0.2	-	20	ms	VSN
t _{ramp} 4	0.2	-	-	ms	VGL
t _{ramp} 5	0.2	-	-	ms	VGH
tRPWIRES1	10	-	-	ms	
tRPWIRES2	1	-	-	ms	
tMIPI_LP11	-	-	tRPWIRES1	ms	
tRESETL	20	-	-	μs	
t ₁	5	-	-	ms	
tSLP _{OUT}	120	-	-	ms	
tPWSLP _{OUT}	-	45	-	ms	
tBLON	2	-	-	VS	

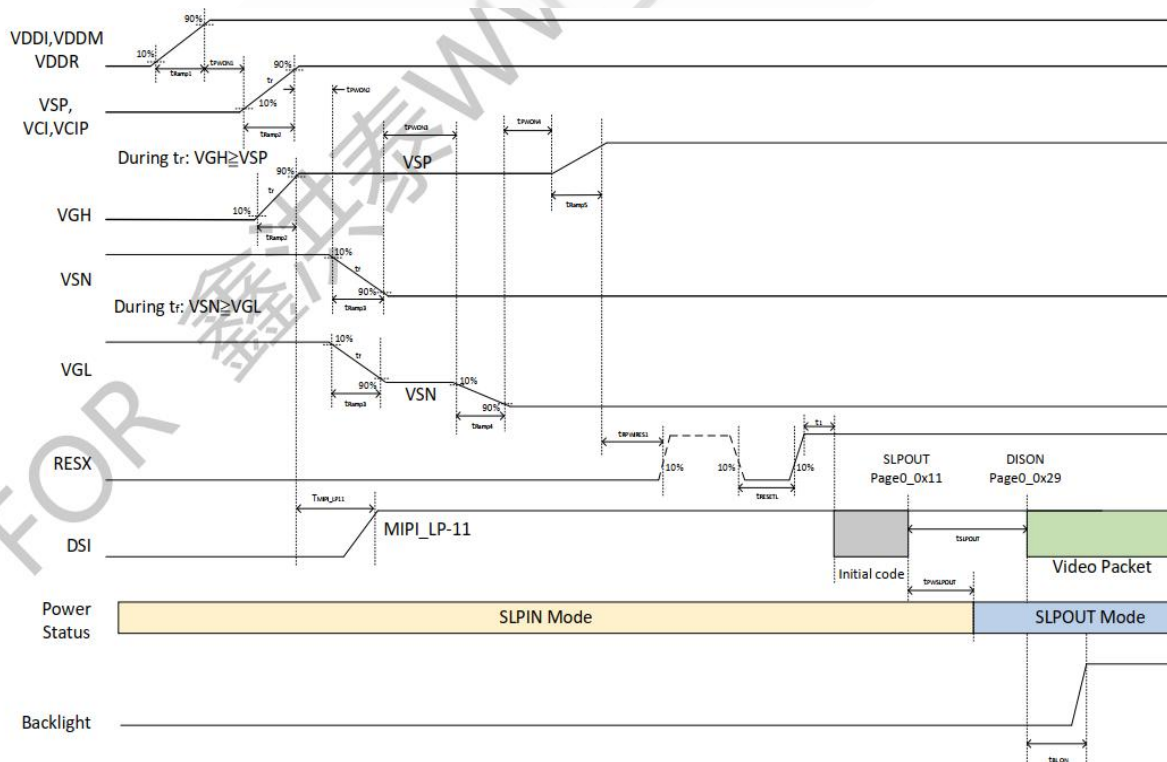
The power off sequence timing for different power input modes and interfaces are shown as below table.

Symbol	Value			Unit	Remark
	Min	Typ	Max		
tPWOFF1	0	5	-	ms	
tPWOFF2	0	5	-	ms	
tPWOFF3	0	5	-	ms	
tPWOFF4	0	5	-	ms	
t _{ramp} 1	0.2	-	20	ms	VDDI, VDDM, VDDC
t _{ramp} 2	0.2	-	20	ms	VCI, VSP
t _{ramp} 3	0.2	-	20	ms	VSN
t _{ramp} 4	0.2	-	-	ms	5Power: VGL
t _{ramp} 5	0.2	-	-	ms	5Power: VGH
tPWOFF	120	-	-	ms	
tMIPI_LP11	0	-	tPWOFF	ms	
tDISPOFF	50	-	tPWOFF	ms	
tRSTH _{toL}	50	-	tPWOFF	ms	
tVideo_OFF	0	-	tPWOFF	ms	
tBLOFF	0	-	-	ms	

1) 开机上电顺序 Power On Sequence

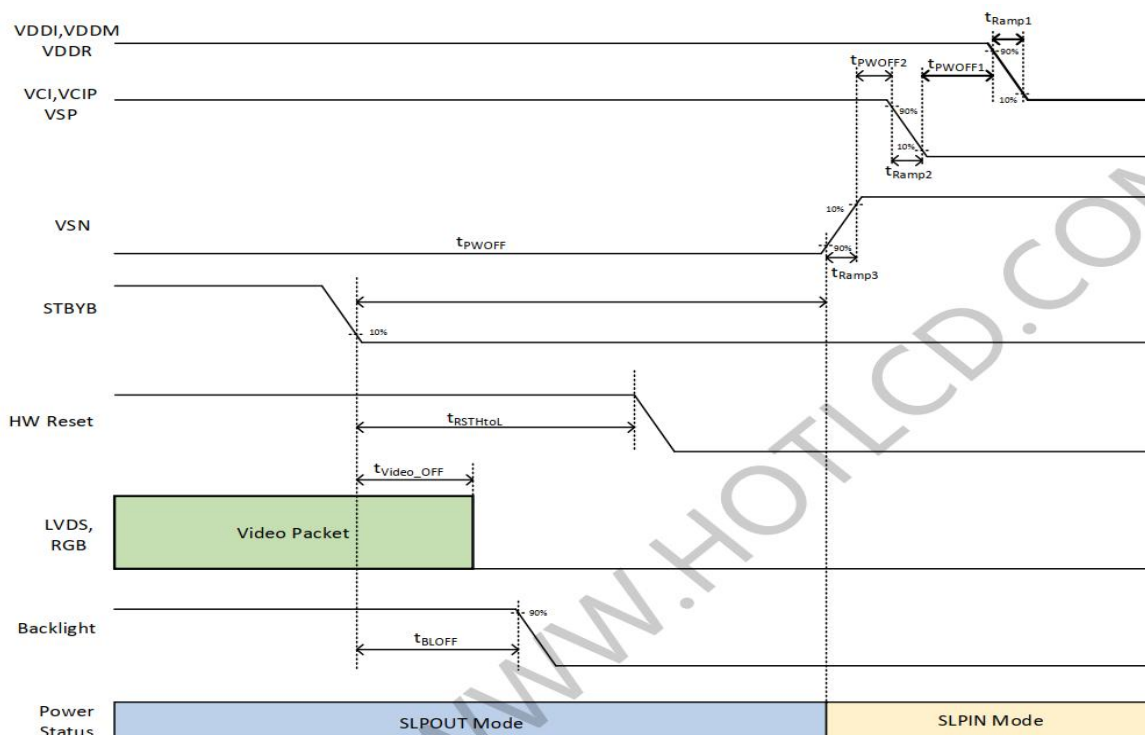


LVDS Interface

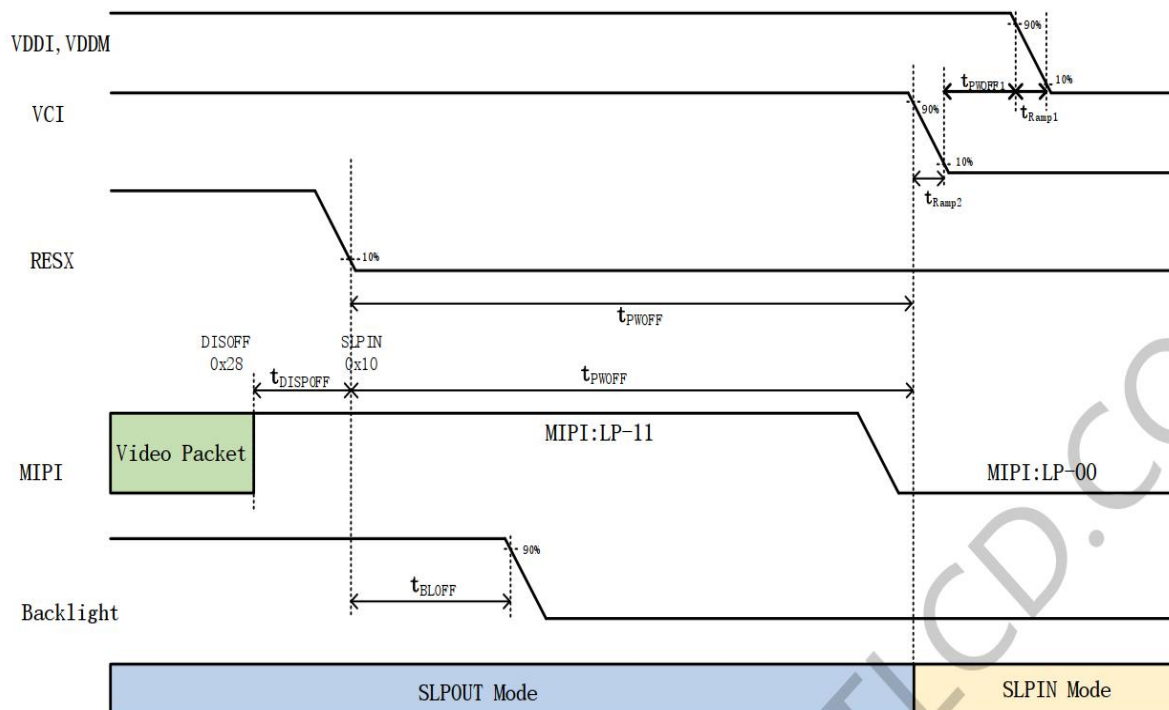


MIPI Interface

2) 关机掉电顺序 Power Off Sequence

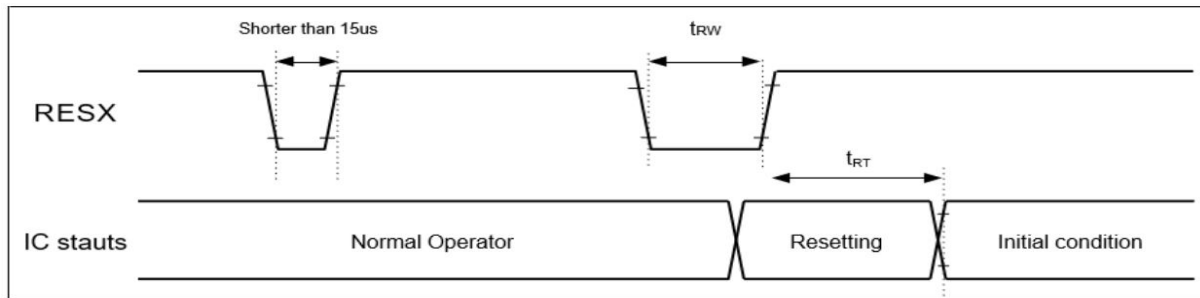


LVDS Interface



MIPI Interface

3) 重置输入时序 Reset input timings



Reset input timings

Symbol	Parameter	Related pins	Min.	Max.	Unit
t_{RW}	Reset "L" pulse width ⁽²⁾	RESX	20	-	μs
t_{RT}	Reset complete time ⁽³⁾	-	-	5 ⁽⁵⁾	ms
		-	-	120 ^{(6) (7) (8)}	ms

Note:

1. The reset complete time also required time for loading ID bytes from OTP to registers. This loading is done every time when there is HW reset complete time (t_{RT}) within 5 ms after a rising edge of RESX.
2. Spike due to an electrostatic discharge on RESX line does not cause irregular system reset according to the table below.

RESX Pulse	Action
Shorter than 15 μs	Reset Rejected
Longer than 20 μs	Reset
Between 15 μs and 20 μs	Reset Start

3. During the resetting period, the display will be blanked (The display is entering blanking sequence, which maximum time is 120 ms, when Reset Starts in Sleep Out -mode). The display remains the blank state in Sleep In -mode) and then returns to Default condition for H/W reset.
4. Spike Rejection also applies during a valid reset pulse as shown below:

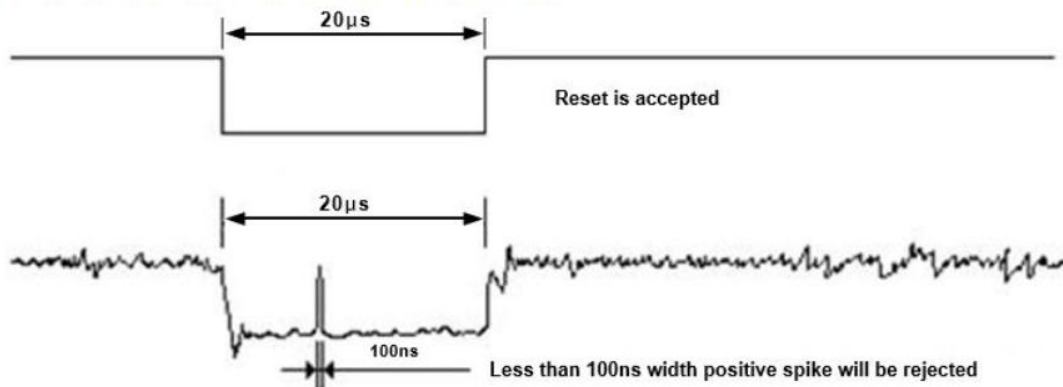


Table 10.4: Reset timings

1. When Reset is applied during Sleep In Mode.
2. When Reset is applied during Sleep Out Mode.
3. is necessary to wait 5msec after releasing RESX before sending commands. Also Sleep Out command cannot be sent for 120msec.

七、可靠性测试 RELIABILITY TEST

7-1 温度和湿度 Temperature and Humidity

测试项目 TEST ITEMS	条件 CONDITIONS	注释 NOTE
高温储存 High Temperature Storage	Ta=+90 °C, 120hrs	
低温储存 Low Temperature Storage	Ta=-40 °C, 120hrs	
高温运行试验 High Temperature Operation	Ta=+85 °C, 120hrs	
低温运行试验 Low Temperature Operation	Ta=-30 °C, 120hrs	
高温高湿（运行测试） High Temperature and High Humidity (Operating)	Ta=+60 °C, 90%RH, 120hrs	

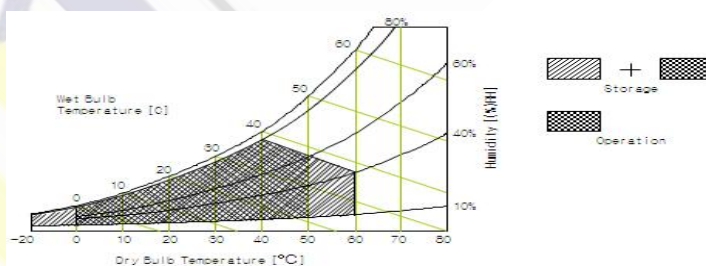
注释 Note:

1. 液晶驱动电压。由于液晶材料的特性，该电压随环境温度而变化。

Liquid Crystal driving voltage. Due to the characteristics of LC Material, this voltage varies with environmental temperature.

2. 温度和相对湿度范围如下图所示。湿球温度最高应为39°C。并且没有冷凝水。

Temperature and relative humidity range are shown in the figure below. Wet bulb temperature should be 39 °C max. and no condensation of water.



3. 产品经可靠性测试后，仅保证功能正常，无任何致命缺陷（不显示、线路缺陷、显示异常等）。

After the reliability test, the product only guarantee function normally without any fatal defect(non-display, line defect, abnormal display etc).

4. 所有显示判断均在面板温度恢复到室温2小时后进行

All display judgments are made after the panel temperature returns to room temperature for 2 hours

5. Ta: 环境温度

Ta: Ambient temperature

7-2 冲击和振动 Shock and Vibration

测试项目 TEST ITEMS	条件 CONDITIONS
包装冲击(非操作) Packing Shock (Non-Operation)	● Shock level:980m/s² ● Waveform:1/2 Sine wave,6msec ● ±X, ±Y ±Z, each axis 1 times
包装振动(非操作) Packing Vibration (Non-Operation)	● Frequency range:8-33.3HZ ● Stoke:1.0mm ● Sweep: 10Hz-50Hz ● x, y, z 2 hours for each direction

7-3 静电放电测试 Electrostatic Discharge

测试项目 TEST ITEMS	条件 CONDITIONS
ESD (Non-operation)	150pF, 330 Ω, Contact ±4KV, Air : ±8KV. Note 1 200pF, 0 Ω, ±200V Contact test. Note 2

测量点 Measure Point:

1. LCD玻璃和金属边框
LCD glass and metal bezel
2. 连接器引脚
IF connector pins

八、处理和注意事项 HANDDLING & CAUTIONS

8-1 操作注意事项 Caution For Operation

◆由于液晶模组是玻璃材质，请勿对其施加强烈的机械冲击或静载荷。请小心搬运，因为冲击、振动和粗心的搬运可能会严重影响产品。如果从高处坠落或受到强烈冲击，玻璃可能碎了。

Since the LCM is made of glass, do not apply strong mechanical impact or static load onto it. Handling with care since shock, vibration, and careless handling may seriously affect the product. If it falls from a high place or receives a strong shock, the glass maybe broken.

◆在规定的电压限制内驱动 LCM 是必不可少的，因为高于限制的电压会导致 LCM 的寿命缩短。由直流引起的电化学反应会导致 LCM 出现不良劣化，因此应避免使用直流驱动。

It is indispensable to drive the LCM within the specified voltage limit since the higher voltage than the limit causes LCM's life shorter. An electro-chemical reaction due to DC causes undesirable deterioration of the LCM so that the use of DC drive should avoid.

◆请勿在电源开启时将 LCM 连接到系统或从系统断开连接。

Do not connect or disconnect the LCM to or from the system when power is on.

◆切勿在高温高湿的异常条件下使用 LCM。

Never use the LCM under abnormal conditions of high temperature and high humidity.

◆当暴露于剧烈的温度波动（热到冷或冷到热）时，LCM 可能会受到影响；具体来说，从冷到热的剧烈温度波动会在 LCM 表面产生露水，这可能会影响 LCM 上偏振片的运行。

When expose to drastic fluctuation of temperature(hot to cold or cold to hot), the LCM may be affected; specifically, drastic temperature fluctuation from cold to hot, produces dew on the LCM's surface which may affect the operation of the polarizer on the LCM.

◆在低于工作温度范围的温度下，响应时间将极度延迟，另一方面，在高于其工作范围的温度下，LCM 可能会变黑。然而，这些现象并不意味着 LCM 出现故障或故障。一旦温度恢复到正常运行的推荐温度范围，LCM 将恢复正常运行。

Response time will be extremely delay at lower temperature than the operating temperature range and on the other hand LCM may turn black at temperature above its operational range. However those phenomenon do not mean malfunction or out of order with the LCM. The LCM will revert to normal operation once the temperature returns to the recommended temperature range for normal operation.

◆为防止LCD产生图像残留，在使用常黑面板时不要长时间显示固定图案。如果LCD需要显示固定图案，建议时间少于 2 分钟或者更短的时间内刷新显示内容一次或多次。强烈建议使用黑色图像或移动图像作为屏幕保护程序。

In order to prevent the LCD from producing image retention, do not display a fixed pattern for a long time when using a normally black panel. If the LCD needs to display a fixed pattern, it is recommended to refresh the display one or more times in less

than 2 minutes or less. It is strongly recommended to use a black image or moving image as a screen saver.

◆强烈的光照会导致 LCD 偏光片和彩色滤光片退化。 不准在强光或高温高湿下长期存放或直接运行。

Strong sunlight can cause LCD polarizers and color filters to degrade. Long-term storage or direct operation under strong light or high temperature and humidity is not allowed.

8-2 防静电措施 Caution Against Static Charge

◆LCM 使用 C-MOS LSI 驱动器，因此建议客户将任何未使用的输入端连接到 Vdd 或 Vss，上电前不要输入任何信号，并将您的身体、工作/装配区、装配设备接地 防止静电。

The LCM use C-MOS LSI drivers, so customers are recommended that any unused input terminal would be connected to Vdd or Vss, do not input any signals before power is turn on, and ground you body, work/assembly area, assembly equipments to protect against static electricity.

◆缓慢去除保护膜，保持去除方向与面板表面不垂直约 30 度，如有可能，在离子风机等 ESD 控制装置下，工作室湿度应保持在 50%RH 以上，以减少静电风险

Remove the protective film slowly, keeping the removing direction approximate 30-degree not vertical from panel surface, if possible, under ESD control device like ion blower, and the humidity of working room should be kept over 50%RH to reduce the risk of static charge.

◆避免使用合成纤维制成的工作服。 我们推荐棉质衣服或其他经过导电处理的纤维。

Avoid the use work clothing made of synthetic fibers. We recommend cotton clothing or other conductivity-treated fibers.

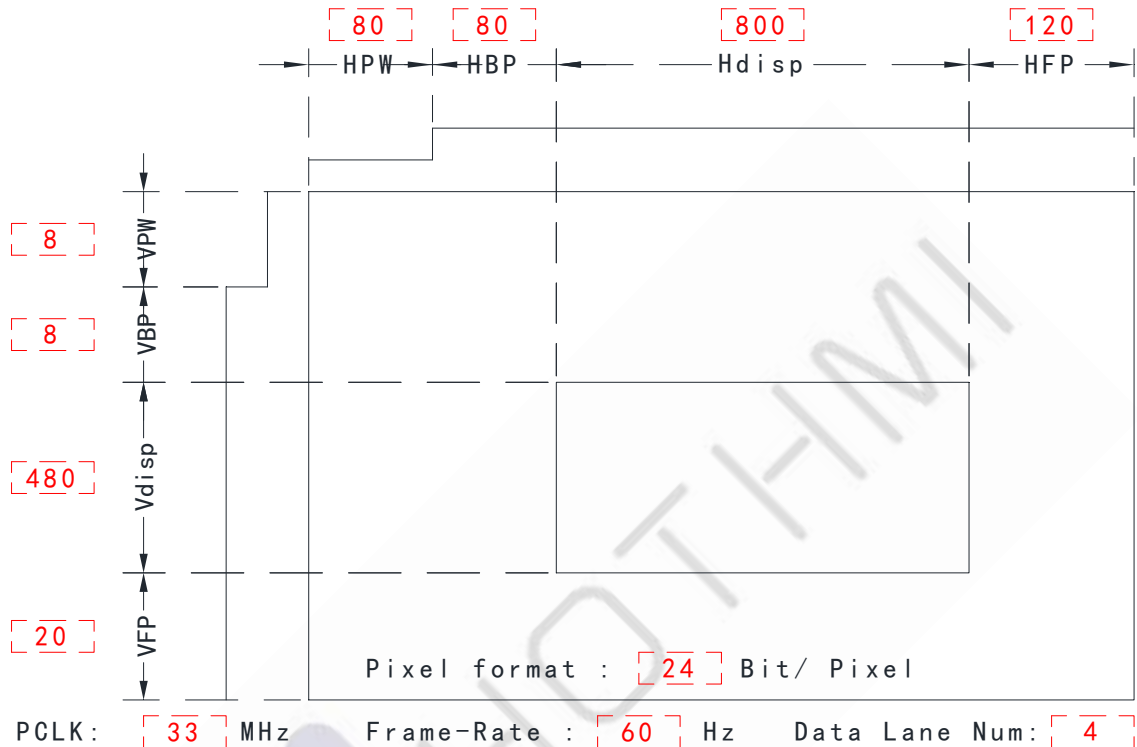
◆在处理 LCM 时，请戴上不带电材料的手套。 对地导电手腕和对地导电鞋是必需的

In handling the LCM, wear non-charged material gloves. And the conducting wrist to the earth and the conducting shoes to the earth are necessary

九、初始化代码 Initialization code

说明：这些参数值仅供参考，可能并不完全适用于所有软件平台，
请根据您使用的平台优化参数。

Description : These parameter values are for reference only and
may not be fully applicable to all software platforms, please
optimise the parameters according to the platform you are using.



```
Void Panel_Initial_code(void)
```

```
{
```

```
//=====上电操作顺序 Power on operation sequence=====//
```

```
Set_STBYB(0); // GPI02 SET STBYB low
```

```
Set_POWER(1, 0, 0, 0); // 1.8V ON, 2.8V OFF, 5V OFF, BL OFF
```

```
Delay(150);
```

```
Set_POWER(1, 1, 1, 0); // 1.8V ON, 2.8V ON, 5V ON, BL OFF
```

```
Delay(150);
```

```
Set_RESET(1); // MIPI RESET 1, LCD RESET 1
```

```
Delay(200);
```

```
Set_RESET(0); // MIPI RESET 0, LCD RESET 0
```

```
Delay(100);
```

```
Set_RESET(1); // MIPI RESET 1, LCD RESET 1
```

```
Delay(100);
```

```
//=====初始化代码 initialization code=====//
```

//RGB&LVDS 接口不需要初始化代码

//RGB&LVDS interface does not require initialization code

SSD_SEND(0X11, 0xee, 0x01); // ENTER PAGE1

SSD_SEND(0X11, 0xea, 0x07);

SSD_SEND(0X11, 0xeb, 0x12);

SSD_SEND(0X11, 0x0a, 0x26); // vcom 26

SSD_SEND(0X11, 0x17, 0x34); //VDDD

SSD_SEND(0X11, 0x28, 0x24); //vgh 15V

SSD_SEND(0X11, 0x29, 0x28); //vgl -14.3V

SSD_SEND(0X11, 0x2a, 0x62);

SSD_SEND(0X11, 0x2f, 0xf3);

SSD_SEND(0X11, 0x45, 0x00);

SSD_SEND(0X11, 0xee, 0x02); // ENTER PAGE2

SSD_SEND(0X11, 0x39, 0xc8); //VSPNR

/*

//GAMMA 1.9

SSD_SEND(0X11, 0x00, 0x00);

SSD_SEND(0X11, 0x01, 0x0E);

SSD_SEND(0X11, 0x02, 0x13);

SSD_SEND(0X11, 0x03, 0x08);

SSD_SEND(0X11, 0x04, 0x0E);

SSD_SEND(0X11, 0x05, 0x2E);

SSD_SEND(0X11, 0x06, 0x0B);

SSD_SEND(0X11, 0x07, 0x0C);

SSD_SEND(0X11, 0x08, 0x0E);

SSD_SEND(0X11, 0x09, 0x0D);

SSD_SEND(0X11, 0x0A, 0x11);

SSD_SEND(0X11, 0x0b, 0x49);

SSD_SEND(0X11, 0x0c, 0x13);

SSD_SEND(0X11, 0x0d, 0x18);

SSD_SEND(0X11, 0x0e, 0x2A);

SSD_SEND(0X11, 0x0f, 0x30);

SSD_SEND(0X11, 0x10, 0x3F);

SSD_SEND(0X11, 0x20, 0x00);

SSD_SEND(0X11, 0x21, 0x0E);

SSD_SEND(0X11, 0x22, 0x13);

SSD_SEND(0X11, 0x23, 0x08);

```

SSD_SEND (0X11, 0x24, 0x0E) ;
SSD_SEND (0X11, 0x25, 0x2E) ;
SSD_SEND (0X11, 0x26, 0x0B) ;
SSD_SEND (0X11, 0x27, 0x0C) ;
SSD_SEND (0X11, 0x28, 0x0E) ;
SSD_SEND (0X11, 0x29, 0x0D) ;
SSD_SEND (0X11, 0x2A, 0x11) ;
SSD_SEND (0X11, 0x2b, 0x49) ;
SSD_SEND (0X11, 0x2c, 0x13) ;
SSD_SEND (0X11, 0x2d, 0x18) ;
SSD_SEND (0X11, 0x2e, 0x2A) ;
SSD_SEND (0X11, 0x2f, 0x30) ;
SSD_SEND (0X11, 0x30, 0x3F) ;
*/

```

//GAMMA 2.2

```

SSD_SEND (0X11, 0x00, 0x00) ;
SSD_SEND (0X11, 0x01, 0x05) ;
SSD_SEND (0X11, 0x02, 0x0A) ;
SSD_SEND (0X11, 0x03, 0x08) ;
SSD_SEND (0X11, 0x04, 0x0E) ;
SSD_SEND (0X11, 0x05, 0x28) ;
SSD_SEND (0X11, 0x06, 0x0B) ;
SSD_SEND (0X11, 0x07, 0x0D) ;
SSD_SEND (0X11, 0x08, 0x0E) ;
SSD_SEND (0X11, 0x09, 0x0D) ;
SSD_SEND (0X11, 0x0A, 0x10) ;
SSD_SEND (0X11, 0x0b, 0x45) ;
SSD_SEND (0X11, 0x0c, 0x12) ;
SSD_SEND (0X11, 0x0d, 0x18) ;
SSD_SEND (0X11, 0x0e, 0x27) ;
SSD_SEND (0X11, 0x0f, 0x2C) ;
SSD_SEND (0X11, 0x10, 0x3F) ;

```

```

SSD_SEND (0X11, 0x20, 0x00) ;
SSD_SEND (0X11, 0x21, 0x05) ;
SSD_SEND (0X11, 0x22, 0x0A) ;
SSD_SEND (0X11, 0x23, 0x08) ;
SSD_SEND (0X11, 0x24, 0x0E) ;
SSD_SEND (0X11, 0x25, 0x28) ;
SSD_SEND (0X11, 0x26, 0x0B) ;

```

```
SSD_SEND (0X11, 0x27, 0x0D) ;  
SSD_SEND (0X11, 0x28, 0x0E) ;  
SSD_SEND (0X11, 0x29, 0x0D) ;  
SSD_SEND (0X11, 0x2A, 0x10) ;  
SSD_SEND (0X11, 0x2b, 0x45) ;  
SSD_SEND (0X11, 0x2c, 0x12) ;  
SSD_SEND (0X11, 0x2d, 0x18) ;  
SSD_SEND (0X11, 0x2e, 0x27) ;  
SSD_SEND (0X11, 0x2f, 0x2C) ;  
SSD_SEND (0X11, 0x30, 0x3F) ;  
/*
```

```
//GAMMA 2.5
```

```
SSD_SEND (0X11, 0x00, 0x00) ;  
SSD_SEND (0X11, 0x01, 0x01) ;  
SSD_SEND (0X11, 0x02, 0x03) ;  
SSD_SEND (0X11, 0x03, 0x07) ;  
SSD_SEND (0X11, 0x04, 0x0D) ;  
SSD_SEND (0X11, 0x05, 0x21) ;  
SSD_SEND (0X11, 0x06, 0x0D) ;  
SSD_SEND (0X11, 0x07, 0x0E) ;  
SSD_SEND (0X11, 0x08, 0x0F) ;  
SSD_SEND (0X11, 0x09, 0x0E) ;  
SSD_SEND (0X11, 0x0A, 0x11) ;  
SSD_SEND (0X11, 0x0b, 0x41) ;  
SSD_SEND (0X11, 0x0c, 0x12) ;  
SSD_SEND (0X11, 0x0d, 0x18) ;  
SSD_SEND (0X11, 0x0e, 0x25) ;  
SSD_SEND (0X11, 0x0f, 0x2B) ;  
SSD_SEND (0X11, 0x10, 0x3F) ;
```

```
SSD_SEND (0X11, 0x20, 0x00) ;  
SSD_SEND (0X11, 0x21, 0x01) ;  
SSD_SEND (0X11, 0x22, 0x03) ;  
SSD_SEND (0X11, 0x23, 0x07) ;  
SSD_SEND (0X11, 0x24, 0x0D) ;  
SSD_SEND (0X11, 0x25, 0x21) ;  
SSD_SEND (0X11, 0x26, 0x0D) ;  
SSD_SEND (0X11, 0x27, 0x0E) ;  
SSD_SEND (0X11, 0x28, 0x0F) ;  
SSD_SEND (0X11, 0x29, 0x0E) ;
```

```
SSD_SEND (0X11, 0x2A, 0x11) ;  
SSD_SEND (0X11, 0x2b, 0x41) ;  
SSD_SEND (0X11, 0x2c, 0x12) ;  
SSD_SEND (0X11, 0x2d, 0x18) ;  
SSD_SEND (0X11, 0x2e, 0x25) ;  
SSD_SEND (0X11, 0x2f, 0x2B) ;  
SSD_SEND (0X11, 0x30, 0x3F) ;  
*/
```

```
SSD_SEND (0X11, 0xee, 0x03) ; //  
SSD_SEND (0X11, 0x0b, 0x55) ; //  
SSD_SEND (0X11, 0x0f, 0xb9) ;
```

```
SSD_SEND (0X11, 0xee, 0x04) ; //page4  
SSD_SEND (0X11, 0x00, 0x00) ; //800 00  
SSD_SEND (0X11, 0x01, 0x00) ;  
SSD_SEND (0X11, 0x02, 0xf0) ; //480  
SSD_SEND (0X11, 0x03, 0x03) ; //03  
SSD_SEND (0X11, 0x04, 0x20) ; //20  
SSD_SEND (0X11, 0x06, 0x06) ;  
SSD_SEND (0X11, 0x07, 0x0A) ;  
SSD_SEND (0X11, 0x08, 0x20) ; //ss-tp  
SSD_SEND (0X11, 0x09, 0x20) ; //pol 20  
SSD_SEND (0X11, 0x0a, 0x04) ; // SMGIP  
SSD_SEND (0X11, 0x0b, 0x00) ;  
SSD_SEND (0X11, 0x20, 0x40) ;  
SSD_SEND (0X11, 0x23, 0x38) ;  
SSD_SEND (0X11, 0x2A, 0x00) ;  
SSD_SEND (0X11, 0x40, 0x80) ;  
SSD_SEND (0X11, 0x41, 0x55) ;  
SSD_SEND (0X11, 0x43, 0x02) ;  
SSD_SEND (0X11, 0x44, 0x82) ;  
SSD_SEND (0X11, 0x45, 0x3F) ;
```

```
SSD_SEND (0X11, 0xee, 0x05) ;  
SSD_SEND (0X11, 0x00, 0x00) ;  
SSD_SEND (0X11, 0x01, 0x04) ;  
SSD_SEND (0X11, 0x02, 0x05) ;  
SSD_SEND (0X11, 0x03, 0x05) ;  
SSD_SEND (0X11, 0x07, 0xC3) ;
```

SSD_SEND (0X11, 0x08, 0xC7) ;
SSD_SEND (0X11, 0x09, 0x33) ;
SSD_SEND (0X11, 0x0A, 0xC9) ;
SSD_SEND (0X11, 0x0B, 0xCD) ;
SSD_SEND (0X11, 0x0C, 0x33) ;
SSD_SEND (0X11, 0x10, 0x02) ;
SSD_SEND (0X11, 0x11, 0x04) ;
SSD_SEND (0X11, 0x12, 0x05) ;
SSD_SEND (0X11, 0x13, 0x05) ;
SSD_SEND (0X11, 0x19, 0xC6) ;
SSD_SEND (0X11, 0x1a, 0x33) ;
SSD_SEND (0X11, 0x23, 0x00) ;
SSD_SEND (0X11, 0x43, 0x03) ;
SSD_SEND (0X11, 0x47, 0x00) ;
SSD_SEND (0X11, 0x44, 0x01) ;
SSD_SEND (0X11, 0x45, 0x81) ;
SSD_SEND (0X11, 0x46, 0x01) ;

SSD_SEND (0X11, 0xee, 0x06) ; //PAGE6

SSD_SEND (0X11, 0x00, 0x45) ;
SSD_SEND (0X11, 0x02, 0x01) ;
SSD_SEND (0X11, 0x04, 0x08) ;
SSD_SEND (0X11, 0x08, 0x01) ;
SSD_SEND (0X11, 0x09, 0x23) ;

SSD_SEND (0X11, 0xee, 0x07) ; //PAGE7//GIP LEFT 1-12

SSD_SEND (0X11, 0x00, 0x3C) ;
SSD_SEND (0X11, 0x01, 0x08) ;
SSD_SEND (0X11, 0x02, 0x05) ;
SSD_SEND (0X11, 0x03, 0x04) ;
SSD_SEND (0X11, 0x04, 0x13) ;
SSD_SEND (0X11, 0x05, 0x12) ;
SSD_SEND (0X11, 0x06, 0x11) ;
SSD_SEND (0X11, 0x07, 0x10) ;
SSD_SEND (0X11, 0x08, 0x00) ;
SSD_SEND (0X11, 0x09, 0x01) ;
SSD_SEND (0X11, 0x0A, 0x3C) ;
SSD_SEND (0X11, 0x0b, 0x3C) ;

//GIP RIGHT 1-12

SSD_SEND (0X11, 0x20, 0x3C) ;

```

SSD_SEND (0X11, 0x21, 0x08) ;
SSD_SEND (0X11, 0x22, 0x05) ;
SSD_SEND (0X11, 0x23, 0x04) ;
SSD_SEND (0X11, 0x24, 0x13) ;
SSD_SEND (0X11, 0x25, 0x12) ;
SSD_SEND (0X11, 0x26, 0x11) ;
SSD_SEND (0X11, 0x27, 0x10) ;
SSD_SEND (0X11, 0x28, 0x00) ;
SSD_SEND (0X11, 0x29, 0x01) ;
SSD_SEND (0X11, 0x2A, 0x3C) ;
SSD_SEND (0X11, 0x2b, 0x3C) ;

SSD_SEND (0X11, 0xee, 0x08) ; //page8
SSD_SEND (0X11, 0x10, 0x00) ; //MIPI lane 数设定: 00=4Lane, 01=3Lane, 02=2LANE
SSD_SEND (0X11, 0x12, 0xda) ;
SSD_SEND (0X11, 0x14, 0x12) ;

SSD_SEND (0X11, 0xee, 0x0F) ; //pageF
SSD_SEND (0X11, 0x00, 0x01) ;

SSD_SEND (0X11, 0xea, 0x00) ; //page0
SSD_SEND (0X11, 0xeb, 0x00) ;
SSD_SEND (0X11, 0xee, 0x00) ;
SSD_SEND (0X11, 0x36, 0x00) ;

Delay (150) ;
Set_STBYB (1) ; // GPIO2 SET STBYB High
Set_POWER (1, 1, 1, 1) ; //1.8V ON, 2.8V OFF, 5V OFF, BL ON
Delay (150) ;
}

```

MIPI 代码格式说明 Code Format Description

SSD_SEND (0x01, 0xCC, 0x15, 0x04, 0x35);

参数 1 (Parameter 1) : 0x00 DCS_Short_Write
 0x01 DCS_Long_Write
 0x10 Generic_Short_Write
 0x11 Generic_Long_Write

参数 2 (Parameter 2) : 寄存器地址(Register Address)

参数 3 ~ N (Parameter 3 ~ N) : 寄存器数据 (Register Data)

DCS_Short_Write_NP (0x11);

参数 1 (Parameter 1) : 寄存器地址, 无数据 (Register Address, no data)

文档修订记录

Document revision history :

版本 Version	日期 DATE	修改说明 Modify description	编著 Editorial
0-0	2026-07-17	初次编制 First compilation.	YL

— — 结束 — —

— — END — —